

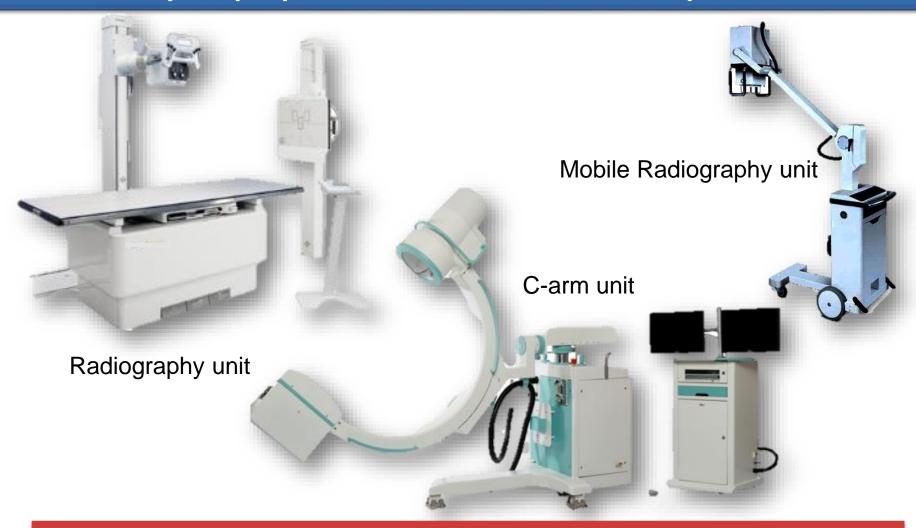
# Radiation Protection and Regulatory Requirements on use of Medical X-ray Equipment in **ORTHOPAEDICS**



Directorate of Regulatory Affairs & Communications
Atomic Energy Regulatory Board
www.aerb.gov.in



# X-ray equipment used in Orthopaedics



These equipment emit ionising radiation



### Does ultrasound and MRI gives ionising radiation?



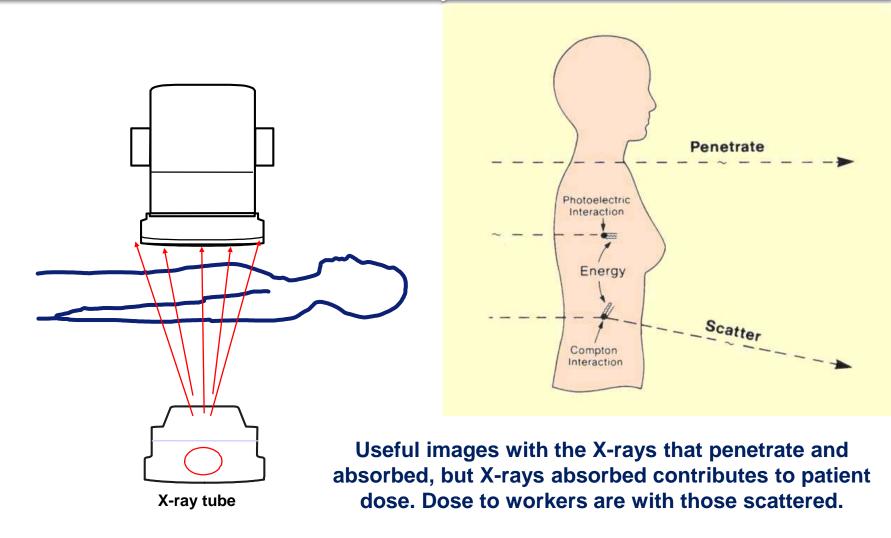
Non ionising radiation



Radio Frequency waves



# Interaction of X-ray (ionizing radiation) with human body



# India, 2016: Reported Injuries to patient



1. Initial stages of injury from Interventional Radiology Procedure for Pelvic AVM: Injury consistent with the entry port of the radiation beam: Note the discoloration of skin in the posterior and Rt. Lateral pelvis

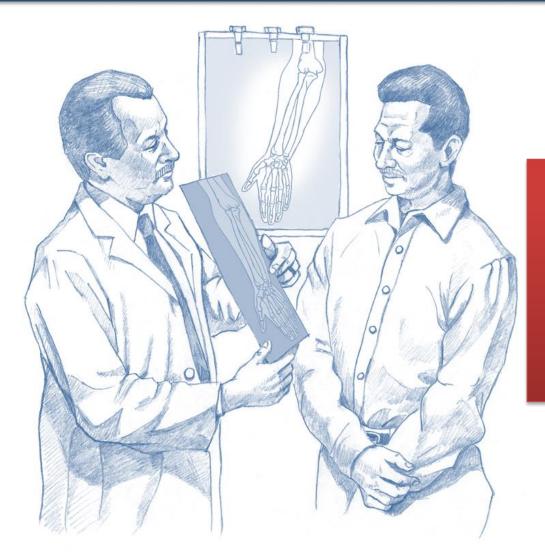


4. Injury in Rt.
Gluteal region
progresses to a non
healing ulcer
requiring skin graft



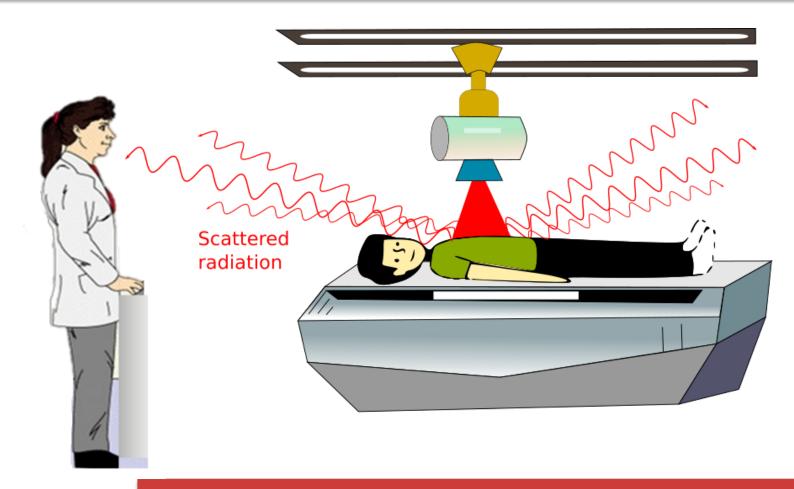


# Justification for X-ray exposure to patient



Net benefit to patient outweighs the risk of radiation hazard

# What about radiation exposure to operator?



Working in radiation field throughout their career

# What about radiation exposure to the public?



### For safe use of X-ray equipment, regulation is required

# Applications of medical X-rays gives huge societal benefit

#### **BUT**

Health hazard is also associated with the use of medical X-rays

# **Atomic Energy Regulatory Board (AERB)**

The mission of the AERB is to ensure the use of ionising radiation and nuclear energy in India does not cause undue risk to the health of people and the environment.

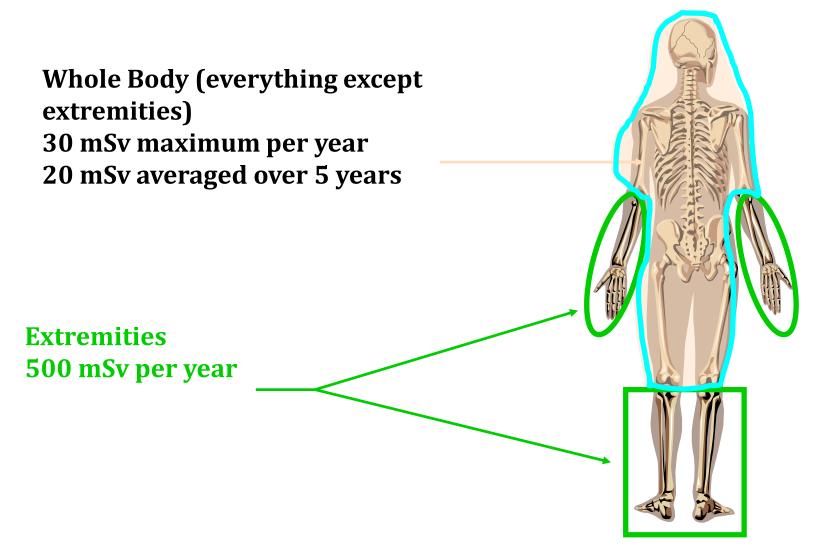




- AERB is a
   Government of
   India organization.
- Constituted in 1983.
- Regional Centers at New Delhi, Chennai and Kolkata



# AERB Dose limits for operators



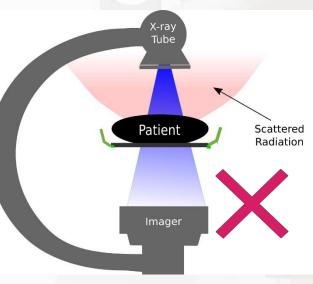
# Imbibing radiation safety in Orthopaedics practice



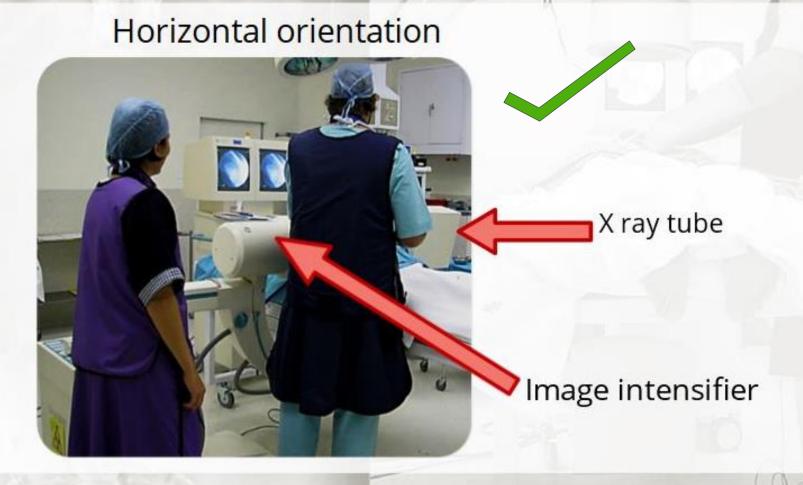
# Distance—C-arm orientation

Vertical under-couch orientation





# Distance—C-arm orientation





# Distance—Dose to the hands

- Keep hands outside the area of the primary beam!
- If the hands need to be in the close proximity of the primary beam, wear protective lead gloves, unless doing so hinders the purpose of the procedure!

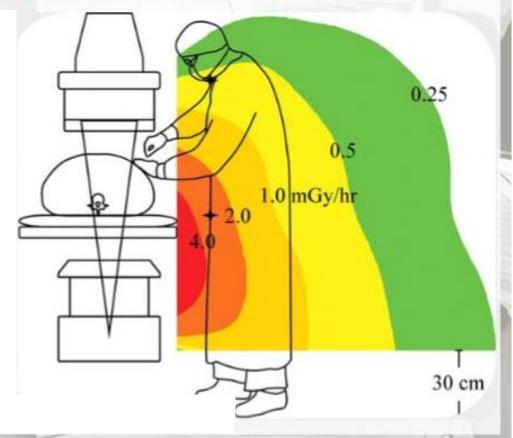




### Distance—Position of staff member

Maximize the distance to the radiation source!

Radiation level reduces with distance





# What AERB regulatory requirement says

Obtain Licence to operate the X-ray equipment safely.

#### **Ensure availability of safety accessories**



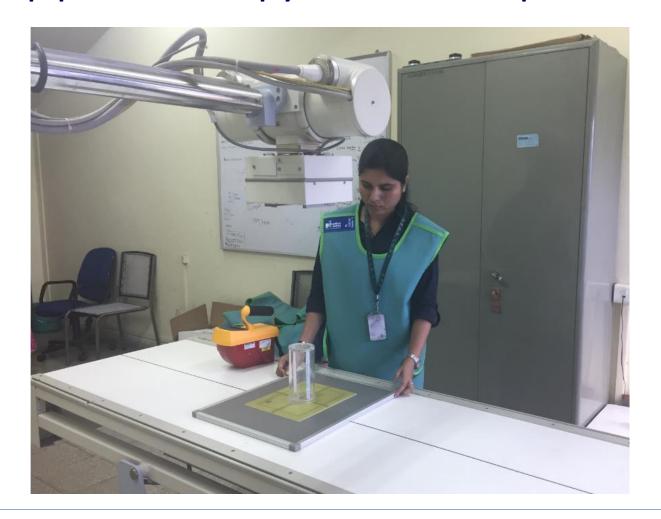
Protective barrier

Construction of <u>Radiography (fixed)</u> room to ensure adequate radiation shielding (9 inch brick wall and lead lined door).



NO LAY OUT REQUIREMENTS FOR C-ARM and MOBILE\* X-RAY EQUIPMENT (\* provided equipment is not used as fixed radiography equipment)

#### X-ray equipment shall comply with the QA tests prescribed by AERB



Ensure availability of TLD badge to operators for monitoring the dose received



# Exposures received above the stipulated limits

- In the past, reported many cases of exposures received above the stipulated limits of 30mSv that too in one quarter in Diagnostic Radiology practice.
- Typically 90% of these cases are non-genuine.
- Significant resources are expended by AERB for establishing the non-genuine/genuine nature.
- AERB has taken up awareness of stakeholders in a big way.

# Non adherence to AERB regulations

Non- adherence to AERB regulatory requirements may attract enforcement action such as sealing of X-ray equipment or issuance of warning for seal.

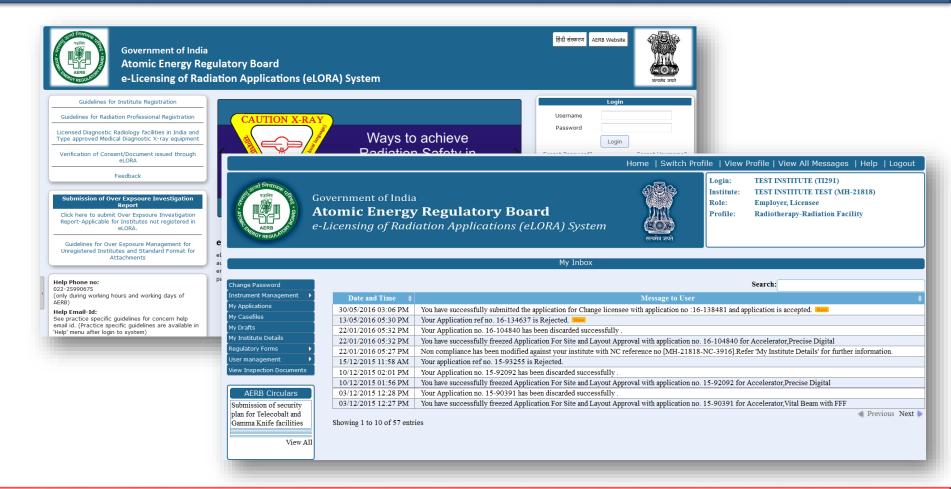






Many X-ray units were sealed or warning for seal was issued owing to non-adherence to AERB's safety regulatory requirement.

#### electronic Licensing of Radiation Applications (eLORA) System



Obtaining AERB Licence is easy through AERB's web-based system eLORA



# For more information on radiation safe practice, refer to our hand-outs.



Atomic Energy Regulatory Board

www.aerb.gov.in

#### Visit AERB website for information for doctors